

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

Published by A. G. HODGES & CO.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1860.

For President,
JOHN BELL,
OF TENNESSEE.

For Vice President,
EDWARD EVERETT,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Special Train for Lexington.
A special train will leave this city at 7 o'clock, A. M., and return leaving Lexington at 6:20 P. M., to accommodate those persons who may desire to witness the military parade on that day.

Price of tickets one dollar and fifty cents for the round trip. Good for one day only.

Hon. Caleb Cushing seems to have very little modesty or delicacy of feeling. It is known that when he withdrew from the Chair of the Democratic Convention in Baltimore, his retirement was hailed with rapturous applause, and exclamations of "that's right; now we will have a just and impartial chairman," &c., which would have been keenly felt by any man of sensibility, and whose cheek was not as hard as stone. But the Hon. Caleb Cushing was to all appearances entirely calm, and exhibited not the least emotion. We suppose a man who has, like Cushing, made several political summer-saults, and has changed front on every political question, is not apt to have his equanimity destroyed by demonstrations of that sort. We were surprised that such a man should have been placed in the chair at Charleston, but we have not been at all surprised at any of his acts in the chair, or out of it, as we do not think he is governed by principle in anything, but only by a desire for the spoils of office.

The Breckinridge and Douglas papers and speakers are pummeling each other in a savage manner just now. Well we have no part in that fight, except to look on as the woman did when her husband and the bear were fighting, and not care much which wins. We think the fight will result very much like that of the Kill Kenny Cats, and nothing will be left of either combatant but a good deal of fur and blood, and the tidings of their tails.

The Louisville Journal says "a part of our vocation is gone or going. We don't well see how we can go on mauling the Democrats. They are mauling each other so terribly that we have scarcely the heart to strike a blow. Even when we do strike, we have to do it with an averted head, so that perhaps we don't always hit exactly where we want to."

We see from our Tennessee exchanges, that there is but little enthusiasm for either Breckinridge or Douglas, in the ranks of the Democracy in that State. If either has an advantage in strength it seems to be rather in favor of Douglas, as the citizens of Tennessee of all parties are for the Union, and the Breckinridge movement is considered there as a step towards secession. But from all accounts from Tennessee that State is certain for the Union ticket. Bell and Everett will get many Democratic votes, and all the old Union Henry Clay Whigs and Americans of Tennessee.

THE ISSUE MADE UP—UNION OR DISUNION.—The Nashville Republican Banner says, a prominent Democrat yesterday boldly acknowledged the fact that he would support Breckinridge because he is a sectional candidate, and mainly for that reason. He was in favor of a sectional candidate in the South as well as in the North. Very well, we accept the issue. Let all who are for the Union, the Constitution, and Enforcement of the Laws, vote for Bell and Everett—all who are for prolonging a sectional contest, which must inevitably result in disunion, in the inauguration of anarchy, and in the inevitable destruction of the South, her institutions and her prestige, vote for Breckinridge and Lane. We have no doubt where the intelligent masses will go. The echo of the voice of Jackson is not yet dead, and all over the Union is heard the patriotic sentiment—"The Federal Union—it must be preserved."

THE Louisville Journal says, "The Democrats differ strangely, unaccountably, as to the comparative strength of Douglas and Breckinridge in Louisville. We have heard Breckinridge Democrats say that it wouldn't be safe for a Douglas meeting to be held in the city, and we have heard Douglas men say, compared with the Breckinridge men, are at least as four to one. All we can say is that a large majority of all the Democrats here whom we have conversed with, prefer Douglas to Breckinridge, and not a few of them, in our opinion, are likely to go for Bell rather than for either."

OUT FOR BELL AND EVERETT.—We are much pleased to see the evidence every day that there is still a strong Union sentiment in the Southern States. The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle and Sentinel, one of the ablest papers in that State, which has been awaiting the action of the Baltimore Convention before assuming a position, has run up the only National Flag—BELL AND EVERETT, and commenced the fight in good earnest. The enthusiasm is spreading for the Union ticket. Look out for an 1840 fight.

BELL AND EVERETT ENVELOPES.—We see it stated in some of our exchanges that a new idea for the campaign has just been started in New York. It is an elegant buff envelope, bearing on the face the motto, "The Union, the Constitution and the Laws," surrounded by thirty-three stars, representing the States. On the back are the words—"Hon John Bell, of Tennessee, for President; Hon Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, for Vice President." Every Union man should supply himself, and thus scatter good seed by the roadside.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—Hudson M. Garland, Jr., editor of the Blue Ridge Republican, (Culpeper C. H., Va.) died at his residence at that place Wednesday evening last, after a protracted illness. He was a brother of Hon. James Garland, of Lynchburg, and of Gen. John Garland, U. S. A. He had been connected with the press of Maryland and Virginia for ten or twelve years, and was a polished and vigorous writer.

The Democratic Central Committee—Revolutionists in the Party.—The Frankfort Convention of the 18th.

We find the following leader in the Louisville Democrat of last night:
The State Convention, called for the 18th, to nominate a Clerk for the Court of Appeals, was well enough when it was issued; but a change has since come over a portion of those who have been heretofore Democrats. Such a Convention is to be held in the State of Tennessee, and if the Democracy of the State were fairly represented in the Convention, we should have another bolting scene. We are not going into a Convention with such Democrats. A National Convention has nominated a ticket, and these men refuse to support it. They cannot expect that the Democratic party will take counsel with them to a candidate for a State office. It is, moreover, simply impossible to get a meeting in which even half the counties will be represented; still less is it possible to get a fair representation of political sentiment. Half a dozen men can get up a meeting and send themselves to Frankfort to choose a candidate, when fifty in their county sympathize with them. We are tired of these misrepresentations of the party, and, for once, don't intend to submit to them. They are of small consequence, when all concerned have a common purpose; but at present those who will meet under this call are as opposite as any two parties can be. Our advice is, to let the nomination of a Clerk of the Court of Appeals go overboard. It is a small consequence, and a Convention got up by a few men close to Frankfort can easily be manipulated into the service of a few active politicians, whose purpose it is to promote the interests of a bolting ticket. Let them have a Convention of their own, make a nomination of their own, and support themselves.

A call will be made shortly for a Convention of those who stand by the antecedents and creed of the party, and who intend to support its regular nominees, to fill up an Electoral ticket. We hope the counties will begin at once to appoint delegates to this Convention. They need not fear the place and time of the Convention, as these will be indicated by the voice of the counties themselves. We would, however, suggest Louisville as the place, as it is more accessible than Frankfort. In the meantime, we repeat, let this Convention at Frankfort, on the 18th, slide. If rumor does no injustice, a majority of the Central Committee belong to the Seceders. They are revolutionists in the party, and have no right to act for it. They can set up no plea of regularity; for they belong to a crowd that has seceded and tried to break up the party. It may be said that by refusing to take any part in this Convention, we give the office of Clerk of the Court of Appeals to the Opposition. Very well. We object to that. It is a Convention with one set of Oppositionists—the most bitter and proscriptive of the two—to beat the other.

If a sound Democrat were nominated on the 18th, one who supports the national nominees, the supporters of Breckinridge and Lane would bolt; that is part of their creed—bolting. The bolting majority of the party are to day for Douglas and Johnson. There is little doubt of that; and if the State were properly represented, there is no doubt of the result; but there is no time to secure a fair expression; and if we had it, the result would be a bolt, and another nomination, after the example at Baltimore. We, therefore, suggest to the true Democracy of the State to have nothing to do with the Convention on the 18th.

So it seems the National Douglas Democrats do not intend to submit quietly to the manipulations of the Central Committee and State office holders at Frankfort. They intend to have a Convention of the Regulars and Nationals at Louisville, and manage their own affairs in their own way.
This is certainly prudent in them, unless they have made up their minds to let the Breckinridge Seceders and office holders manage the party for their own advantage, without regard to the interests of the National Democracy.

GREENSBORO, Ky., June 28th, 1860.
Messrs Editors—I see that our townsman and fellow-citizen WM. B. ALLEN, is announced as a candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals; subject to any action that may be taken in regard thereto by the Union party. I have known him long and know him well; he is a man eminently qualified to discharge the arduous duties of that office; he is a whole soul Union man; polite, affable, familiar and agreeable; social and very popular with his acquaintances; and I should like very much to see him promoted to the office to which he aspires.
Respectfully, yours &c.,
JAMES T. GOALDER.

ANOTHER GREAT SALE OF STOCK.—R. AITCHESON, Esq., of Woodford, advertises in the Observer and Reporter another great sale of stock, to come off at his Woodburn farm on the 22d of August next. The stock to be then sold consists entirely of horses, of which there are a large number of thoroughbred mares, trotting mares, and colts and fillies. Mr. Aitcheson has for years been engaged in rearing the very purest and finest stock in the country, both for racing and trotting purposes, and the sale now advertised will offer inducements to those who wish to supply themselves with pure bred stock such as has not before been presented in Kentucky, if in the United States.

SHOW IN EAST TENNESSEE.—The Nashville Patriot publishes the following cheering extracts from a business letter concerning the prospects of Bell and Everett:
"I have been traveling for five weeks in several counties of East Tennessee, and so far as I have seen and heard, my expression of opinion, the nomination of Bell and Everett takes well with the conservative portion of the people, including a great many Democrats. I find a perfect host of honest Democrats who will not support the nominee of either Democratic faction."

From all quarters of the country the same gratifying intelligence greets us. These signs need no comment—they speak for themselves, and show that the patriotic and incorruptible people are enlisted for the Constitution and the Union, and will rally zealously for their preservation.

The Union party had a grand Union meeting at Clarksville, Tennessee, on the 25th ult., and nominated John F. House, one of their best men and a most eloquent debater as their elector. The most enthusiastic feeling prevailed, and the finest effect was produced.

TWO MEN SHOT.—Sunday evening last, at Gallows's Switch, in Fayette county, Wm. Sensing was shot with a double barrel gun by J. M. Abel. Sensing died in a short time. His son who was with him was also shot by Abel and it is thought he cannot live. We have not the particulars. Able has been arrested.

FRANCIS, the negro woman who poisoned the family of Mr. Hiram Berry some time since, (none of them died, being relieved by proper remedies), was on yesterday found guilty, and sentenced to be hung on Friday the 7th September. Her counsel moved for a new trial, but the Court overruled the motion. We understand an appeal will probably be applied for.

The following is a sample of the numerous letters constantly receiving for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters:

CANANDAQUA, July 15, 1859.
Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburg, Pa.:—Gents: As we are strangers, I herewith enclose you twenty-eight dollars for four dozen Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which please forward via Michigan Southern Railroad, Toledo, Ohio, and Clayton Station. I have purchased several dozen bottles at Toledo this summer, but the sale is on the increase so much that I wish to open a direct trade with you. I was induced to try your Bitters by my physician, for the Liver Complaint, and received such material aid that I have recommended it to others and have sold about two dozen per week for some time. I have all kinds of medicine in my store, but there is none that I can so cheerfully and truthfully recommend as your Bitters, for I know they have helped me beyond my expectation.
Yours respectfully,
PHILO WILSON.

These valuable Bitters are for sale by all druggists in this city.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.—The Farmers Bank of Kentucky has declared a dividend of 5 per cent. on the business of the last six months.

The Bank of Kentucky has also declared a dividend of 5 per cent.

The Franklin Bank of Kentucky has declared a dividend of 5 per cent.

The Louisville Gas Company has declared a dividend of 6 per cent.

The People's Insurance Company of Louisville has declared a dividend of \$5 per share.

LARGE SHIPMENTS.—It is astonishing to see the large amount of McLean's Strengthening Cordial that is shipped off daily to different parts of the country. It is scarcely three months since this article was first introduced, and now, judging from its rapid sale, it is known and appreciated all over the Western country.

Every druggist, dry goods or grocery merchant visiting our city, should be sure to obtain a supply of this Cordial. It is just the thing required to strengthen and invigorate the weak and debilitated.—St. Louis Democrat.

A NEW CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENCY.—The Milwaukee News acknowledges the reception of the following letter. Judged by the republican standard, it must be acknowledged that the gentleman's claims for the nomination are good:
DARTFORD, June 5, 1860.
GENTS—Please forward my name to the Baltimore Convention as a candidate for its President.
I split rails in this State twenty years ago, also wrote the first breeches. I am sound on the goose question.
GEORGE DART,
Dartford, Wis.

A Democratic editor, who is in trouble and is lamenting over the destruction of his party asks "what shall we do?" The Athens Tennessean gives him the following good advice: "The best advice we can give our distressed friend is, to let the wicked thing slide, and henceforth serve the Lord and keep his commandments."

The St. Louis Evening News says, the Democratic split in Missouri is extending, a large and enthusiastic meeting of the friends of Breckinridge and Lane was held at Huntsville, Randolph county, last week, at which Mr. Cunningham, the Democratic candidate for the Legislature, took ground strongly against Douglas. Per contra, a large meeting of Douglas Democrats was held at Kansas City on Wednesday night.

The editor of the Murfreesboro' (Tenn.) Telegraph says that the friends of Breckinridge and Lane and the friends of Douglas and Johnson find it utterly impossible to get up the slightest feeling in that quarter. He says they see that there is no hope whatever for their favorites, and he adds—"a large number of Democrats in this region will vote for Bell and Everett as the only possible chance to beat the Black Republicans."

A mass meeting of the Democracy was held in Covington Saturday night. Major H. C. Harris, heretofore one of the Douglas fire leaders, announced himself for Breckinridge. Col. Geo. B. Hodge, elector for the State at large, made a speech giving in his adhesion to Major Breckinridge.

LARGE SALE OF A COTTON PLANTATION.—Joshua M. Craig of Chicago county, Arkansas, recently sold to Judge Francis Griffin, of Washington county, Mississippi, his plantation and negroes, known as the "Leland Plantation," for the hand some sum of \$400,000—\$100,000 cash and the residue in seven equal annual payments, with eight per cent interest.

The Methodist Church at Nicholasville, Ky., has been blessed with a gracious revival of religion. Thirty persons have been added to the church. Within a few weeks one hundred and twenty-five persons have been added to the Methodist Church in Jessamine county.

Next to a good table and a clean bed, the first consideration in a Hotel is comfort; and for this we know no place we can recommend more highly than the United States Hotel in Louisville.

The Sixth Annual Fair of the North Kentucky Agricultural Society will be held on the grounds of the society near Florence, Boone county, commencing on Tuesday, August 28, and continue five days.

It is said that agriculturists through the country are becoming alarmed at the rapid increase of noxious weeds, until recently unknown in America, which are brought over in the straw used in packing crockery crates, and in the soil around fruit trees, shrubs and plants.

Baltimore has quieted down again. The Frost Street Theater and the Market Hall have both been plentifully sprinkled with chloride of lime, and great care taken to prevent the spread of any infection. The gouged out eyes, broken off thumbs, broken revolvers, dirk scabbards, and other fragments of the conventional history of the city, are to be collected and deposited under a suitable monument.—Louisville Journal.

Some surprise is expressed that so very weak and inexperienced a statesman should have been selected by the seceders as Joe Lane. But we should remember that he was the last of the litter of candidates and consequently bound to be a runt.—Louis Jour.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Monday, July 2, 1860.

CAUSES DECIDED.
Shaw, Bewell & Barbour v. Alexander et al., Lou. Chy; affirmed.
Anderson v. Brown, Lou. Chy; affirmed.
Vattier v. Brown, Lou. Chy; affirmed.
Kay v. Starke et al., Greenup; dismissed as to Stark & Clifton, and affirmed as to other appellants.
Lee v. Morgan, Mason; reversed.
Lee v. Forman, Mason; reversed.
Thompson et al v. Simon & Co., Carter; reversed.
Botts et al v. Northcutt, Carter; reversed.
Robb v. Mayville & Mt. Sterling T. P. Co., Mason; reversed.

ORDERS.
Gen. S. D. Blackburn, of Bowling Green, admitted attorney in this court.
Vallandigham et ux v. Merritt's heirs, Warren, death of appellant, Mary V. Vallandigham her child suggested and appearance of Fanny Vallandigham, entered.
Blackburn et al v. Work et al, Warren; warning order and continued.
Munsford v. Taylor; suspension of opinion removed.
Robinson v. Helm et al, Warren; dismissed, agreed.
Robinson v. Bright's ex'r, Garrard; petition for rehearing overruled.
Smith v. Mershon, Rockcastle; petition for rehearing filed.
Passmore v. Passmore, Mercer; petition for rehearing filed.
Leo v. Waller, Mason; petition for rehearing filed.

Trimble & Colhoun v. Patterson, McCracken; rule against appellants to file record by 5th day of term.
Flippin et al v. Hays et al, Warren; submitted on briefs.
Vallandigham et al v. Merritt's heirs, Warren; submitted on briefs.
Henderson v. Donovan adm'r, Warren; submitted on briefs.
Barclay & Fox v. Housley, Warren; submitted on briefs.
Martin v. Westbrook et al, Warren; submitted on briefs.
Wheeler v. Maupin, Warren; submitted on briefs.
Spencer v. Bulmup & Butler, Warren; submitted on briefs.
Perkins et al v. Atchison, Warren; argued by Judge Underwood for appellees and by Wilkins for appellants.

FERNANDO WOOD AND O. P. F.—A dispatch to the New York World says:
Fernando Wood is here holding solemn convales with the Administration. He is said to have urged upon the President the necessity of coming out vigorously and with all his forces for the negroes, or else he (Wood) would operate against the ticket in New York. Mr. Buchanan promised faithfully that he would do his worst.

Gov. Wise, of Va., some time ago declared that Douglas's programme was but a short cut to all the ends and aims of Black Republicanism. "Short cut" is good. It is expensive; and we propose that Douglas hereafter be designated as the "Short Cut" candidate, and his Abolition, Republican, and anti-Republican adherents, as the "Short-Cut" bolters.—Louis Courier.

CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.—A large number of candidates for the Clerkship of the Court of Appeals are making their appearance. At this time we have no choice, as we do not know how the various gentlemen stand politically. There is one thing that we shall not do, if we know it. We shall not vote for a Douglasite. If the Convention nominate a true man, we will support him. If it nominates a Douglasite, we will bolt him.—Paducah Herald.

The intention of the Secessionists is not to separate the entire body of the Southern from the Northern States, but only the Cotton States from the Union. They expect Kentucky, Virginia and the border States to remain in the Northern Confederacy, so as to have a halt of votes between them and the North to return the fugitive slaves. Will Kentucky sympathize with those who declare this their object?
(Louis Democrat.)

How are those amiable gentlemen who composed the late Central Committee at Frankfort, and who took up with disunion? Oh, Johnny Breckinridge! You are responsible for even more than deserting your party. How could you desert the South and led astray those amiable old gentlemen with your "Southern tongue"? You are a bad boy, John, and should be spanked and put to bed for playing tricks on the old folks.—Louis Democrat.

Mr. Dickinson of New York, who used to be the leader of the New York Harbors, but who joined the South a few months ago, has now gone back to the Harbors and is supporting Breckinridge and Lane. He is with the Harbors and Sots alternately. He is with the Harbors when he acts from his heart, and with the Sots when he acts from his head.—Louis Jour.

We trust the true Democracy will not be idle in these troublous times. A treacherous blow has been struck at the Democratic party by Southern Disunionists, whose avowed object is "to precipitate the cotton States into a revolution."—Louisville Democrat.

MARRIED.
On the 2d inst., by Rev. J. Rand, Mr. CLARK BACHELOR, of Cincinnati, to Miss ANN ELIZA, daughter of Jacob Pifer, of this city.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 25th ult., by the Rev. Herman H. Allen, J. H. MARVIN, A. M., of Woodford Male Seminary, to Miss SALLIE M. youngest daughter of Charles B. Lewis, Esq., of Scott county, Ky.

DIED.
In this city, on Sunday morning, the 1st inst., Capt. G. W. DODGE, an old and respectable citizen of this place. His remains were followed to the cemetery by a large procession of friends, and were interred with Masonic honors.

On Sunday morning, 1st inst., CATHERINE SCOTT, infant daughter of Edward and Mary W. Hensley, aged 5 months.

Near Georgetown, Ky., on the 25th ult., an advanced age, after a long and painful illness, Mrs. MILLY SUTTON, wife of Joseph Sutton.

THE Third Session
OF MRS. HALLIE R. TODD'S SCHOOL, will commence on the 1st Monday in September, 1860.
Terms per Session of Twenty weeks, \$10
No extras. No deduction made for absence except in case of sickness.
July 4th, 1860.
Yeoman copy.

DISSOLUTION.
THE partnership heretofore existing between John P. Morton and Henry A. Griswold, is this day dissolved. Either party may settle and close any matter relating to the business of the firm prior to August 22d, 1860, and John P. Morton will settle all matter relating to his business since that time.
JOHN P. MORTON,
HENRY A. GRISWOLD.

JOHN P. MORTON respectfully informs his friends J. that he will continue the BOOKSELLING, BINDING and PUBLISHING BUSINESS, in which he has been actively engaged for the last thirty-five years. The business will hereafter be conducted under the style of
JOHN P. MORTON & CO.
July 2, 1860—2w.

WANTED TO HIRE.
FOR the balance of the year a NEGRO GIRL, 15 or 16 years old, for a house servant.
March 1, 1861.
R. N. ALDRIDGE.

HOT AND COLD BATHS.
To be had, day and night, at
No. 8, 1860.
SAMUEL'S BAKERY SHOP.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

For Clerkship of Court of Appeals.

We are authorized to announce BRENT HOPKINS, of Oldham county, as a candidate to fill the vacancy in the Clerkship of the Court of Appeals, independent of Conventions and on his own hook.
June 27, 1860—1c.

We are authorized to announce W. H. KIRKLEY, of Rockcastle county, as a candidate for the unexpired term of the Clerkship of the Court of Appeals, subject to the action of the Constitutional Union Party.
July 2, 1860—1c.

For the Office of Sheriff.
We are authorized to announce HARRY I. TOLD as a candidate for Sheriff of Franklin county, at the August election, 1860.

For County Attorney.
We are authorized to announce WILLIAM H. SNEED as a candidate for County Attorney to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of James Monroe. The election to take place on the 1st Monday in August.
[April 27, 1860—1c.]

The Commissioners of the Kentucky School for the Education and Training of Post-convicted Children, will hold their next meeting at the Agricultural rooms in Frankfort, on the 24 July, instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M. A full board is desired, as business of importance will be transacted at that meeting. By order of the Chairman.
July 2, 1860—w&w. W. C. SNEED, Secretary.

Save your Horses.
We take great pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Burns, Scalds or Cuts on Horses. Our men have used it (on several Burns, Bruises, &c.) Stiff Joints and Rheumatic Pains, and all ails it acts like magic. We use no other Liniment.
J. W. HAWLEY,
Foreman for American, Harnden & Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

Gentlemen:—I had a negro man worth \$1,200 who took cold from a bad hurt, and was useless for over one year. I had used everything I could hear of without benefit, until I tried the Mustang Liniment. This perfectly cured him, and I can now take the above price for him.
Respectfully yours,
JAMES DORRANCE.

Every Plaster, Liniment and Family should have this invaluable article. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere.
BARNES & PARK,
June 14, 1860—1m.

A CARD.

The subscriber, a practical Chemist and manufacturer of Chemical Preparations, French Cosmetics, Fine Perfumes, &c., for the past seventeen years, now offers (free of charge) to all who desire it, the recipe and directions for making a simple, Fragrant Balm, that will, in from ten to thirty days, remove Pimples, Itches, Ticks, Trichinosis, Salivations, and all impurities and roughness of the skin, leaving the same as Nature intended it should be—soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. This balm is a cheap and efficacious remedy, and those who think it well, will please not notice the advertisement. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage) JAS. T. MARSHALL, Practical Chemist, No. 32 City Buildings, New York.

MRS. WINSLOW.

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums and reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column. [June 6, 1860—1y.]

Liberia Fall Expedition from Kentucky.

On the 25th of October, 1860, emigrants going to Liberia from Kentucky will leave the State to embark on the vessel to sail from Baltimore on the 1st of November, for Liberia. Applications for passage will be made to the subscriber, directed to Frankfort, Ky. The passage and six months support in Liberia will be paid out of the State appropriation for all of the free blacks living in Kentucky who go in the expedition.
ALEX. M. COWAN,
Agent Kentucky State Colonization Society.
If papers in the State will confer a favor by publishing this notice.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

Having determined not to sell the Mansion House property for the present, I desire to rent the House in the first story of the building. They will be rented on very reasonable terms by the month.
Application can be made to A. W. BROWN, at the Commonwealth Office, or to Thos. S. PAGE, Frankfort, May 21, 1860.
A. G. RODGES.

An old Indian Doctor, 72 years old, having given up practice, will give his services the remainder of his life free of charge, in order that his successful mode of curing Consumption, and all other Lungs Diseases, may be placed in reach of all; and to that end he will send his mode of cure (which has proved successful in thousands of cases) to all applying for it, free of charge.
Address, WM. B. MOSES, Box 438 P., April 2, 1860—w&m. New York.

The Confessions of an Unfortunate Man.
Who brought upon himself the most obstinate nervous affection, premature decay, &c., by indiscretion and self abuse—published for the benefit of the afflicted and particularly addressed to young married people and those contemplating marriage, pointing out the way they may be restored to perfect health. The author having himself been cured, desires to place the benefits of the unfortunate means by which they can find relief, and also to put a stop to the various impositions practiced upon the unwary. He will send his experience free of charge.
Address, WM. J. HORNBY, Feb. 7, 1860—w&m. Box 488, P. O., New York.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS!!

MRS. F. T. LYONS,
Saint Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,
Has just received and opened a full and large assortment of the Fashionable Fall and Winter Millinery Goods. The new styles embrace Cloaks, Polaris, Bonnets, Ribbons, Head-dresses, Caps, &c., &c., all of the latest styles and fashions.
Don't send to Louisville or Lexington when you can get what you want equally as elegant and far cheaper at home. Call and see.
Also Agents for WHEELER & WILSON'S Unrivalled Sewing Machines.
October 14, 1860.

REMOVAL.

R. R. RYAN
Has removed his store two doors above his old stand. He is selling his Goods, and is informed, at the lowest possible rate for cash down. Give him a call. We repeat what we said before, Ryan is all right.
Frankfort, Nov. 14, 1859

H. WHITTINGHAM,
NEWSPAPER & PERIODICAL AGENT,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.
Continues to furnish American and Foreign Weeklies, Monthlys, and Quaterlies, on the best terms. Advance Sheets received from twenty-four Publishers. Back numbers supplied to complete sets.
November 24, 1859.

New Style of Hats.
Philadelphia Fall style of Gentlemen's SILK HATS, just opened. Get the best at
R. C. HULLIN Book and Shoe Store.
September 2, 1859.

JOHN W. PRUETT is authorized to collect all claims due in the County of Franklin and City of Frankfort. I have also placed in Mr. Pruett's hands many notes due me by persons living in and out of the State of Kentucky.
A. G. HODGES.

CHILDREN TEETHING.

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her
SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and Benefit and Health to your Infants.

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